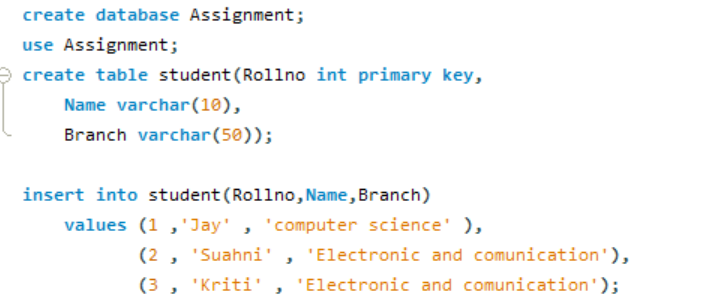
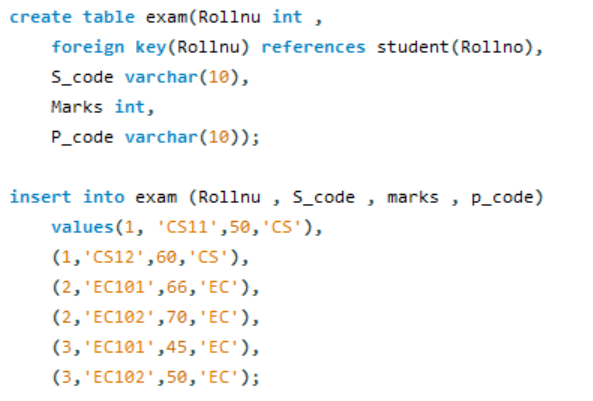
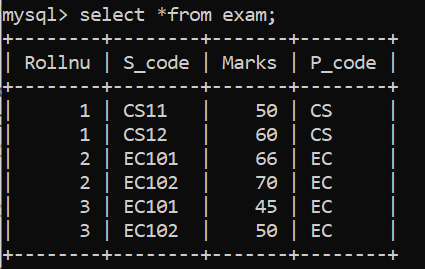
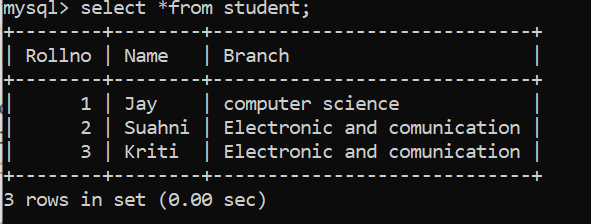
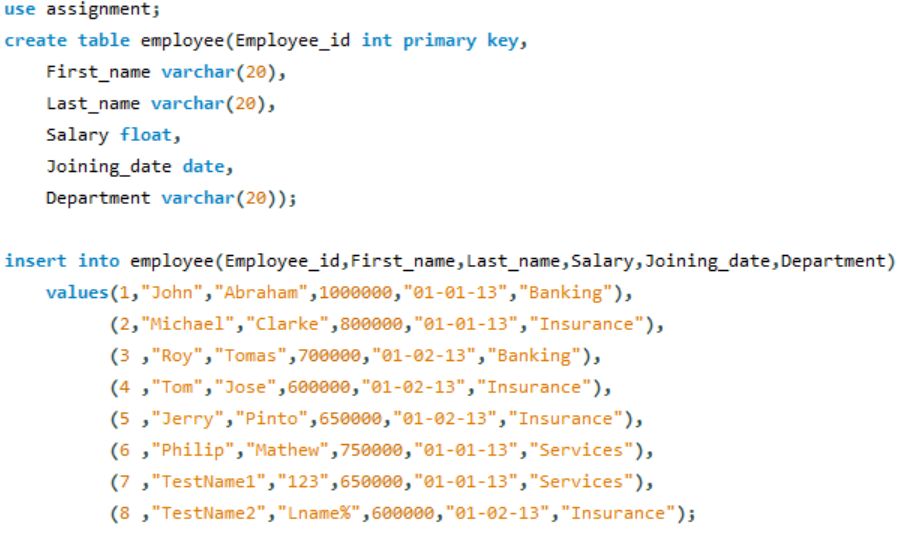
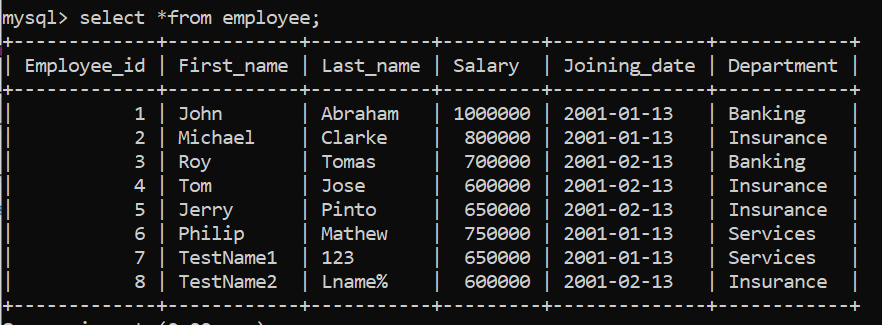
## **1.) Create Table Name: Student and Exam**

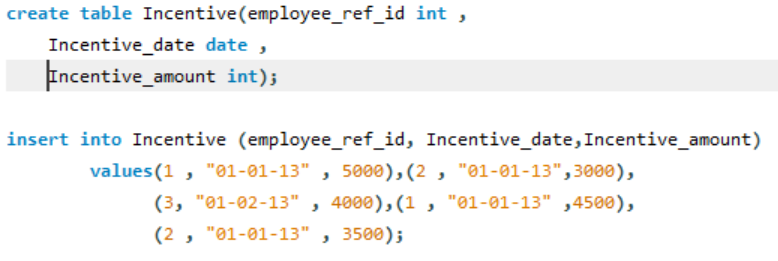
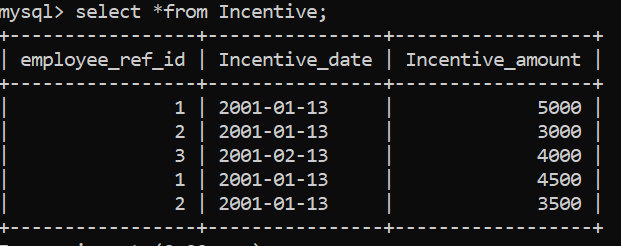


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## **2.) Create table given below: Employee and Incentive Table**

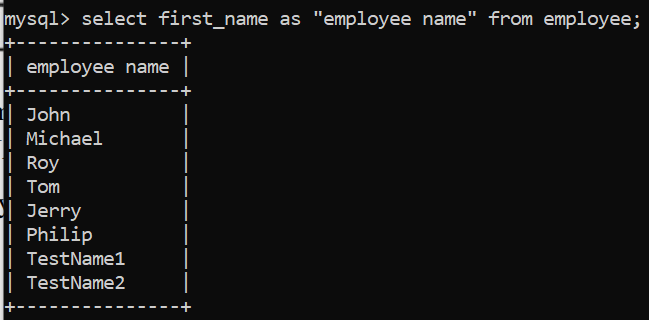




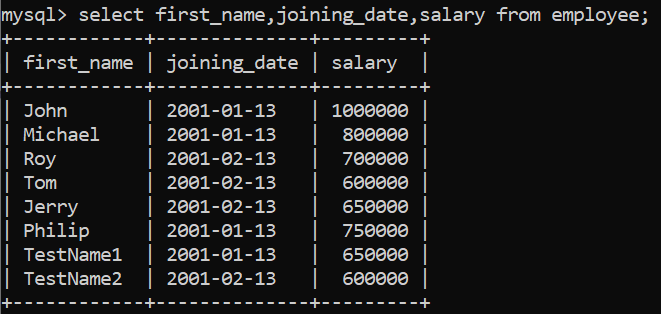


3

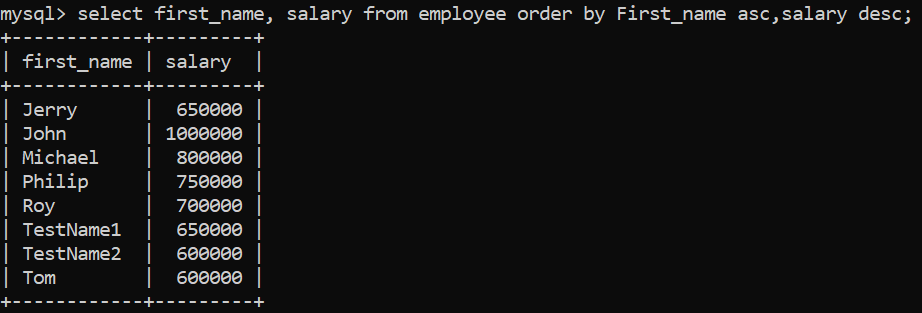
**3.) Get First\_Name from employee table using name “Employee Name”.**

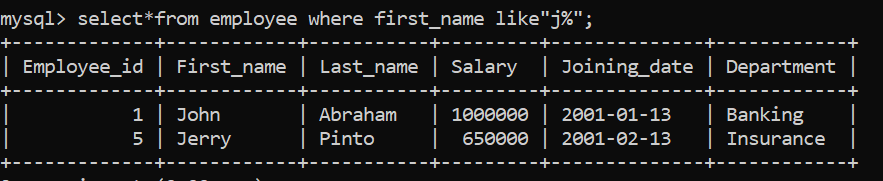
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**4,) Get FIRST\_NAME, Joining Date, and Salary from employee table.**

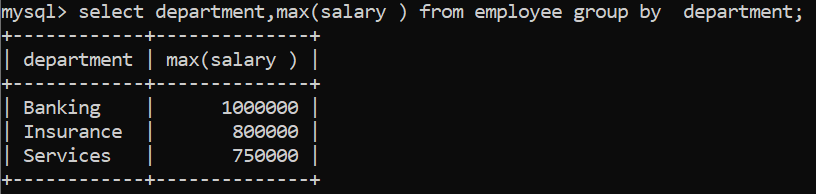
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**5.) Get all employee details from the employee table order by First\_Name Ascending and Salary descending?**

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**6.) Get employee details from employee table whose first name contains ‘J’.**

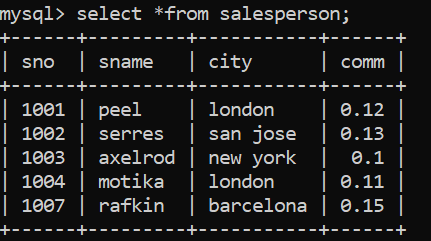
**7.) Get department wise maximum salary from employee table order by salary ascending?**

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**8.) Select first\_name, incentive amount from employee and incentives table forthose employees who have incentives and incentive amount greater than 3000.**

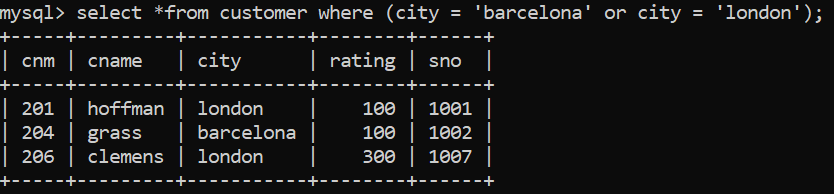
**9.) Create After Insert trigger on Employee table which insert records in viewtable.**

**11. Create table given below: Salesperson and Customer**

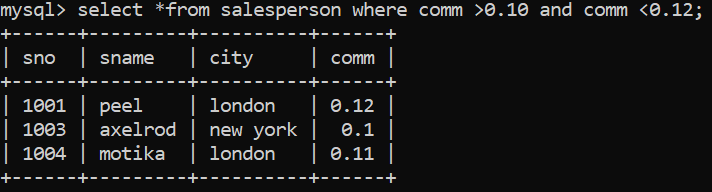
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**12.) Names and cities of all salespeople in London with commission above 0.12.**

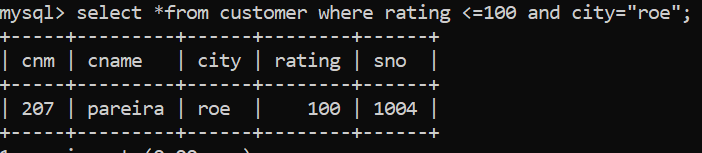
**13.) All salespeople either in Barcelona or in London.**

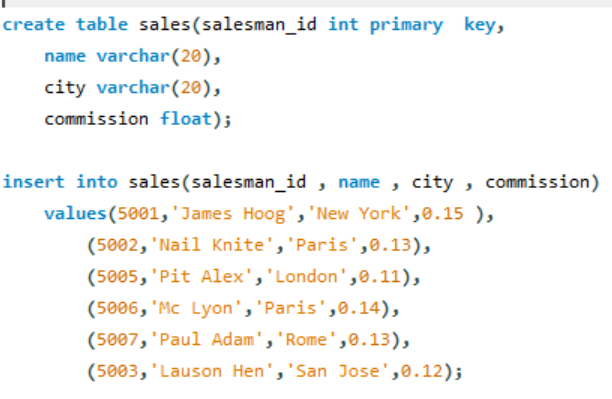
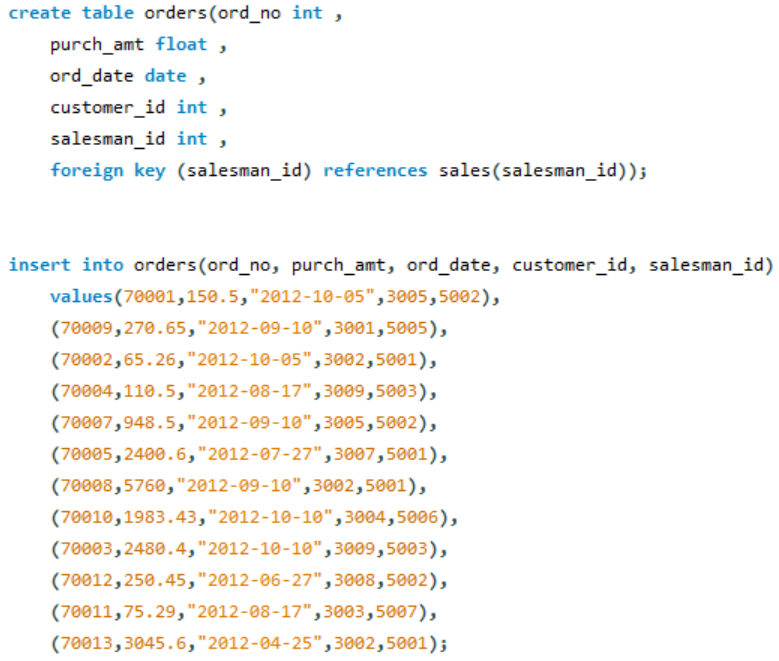
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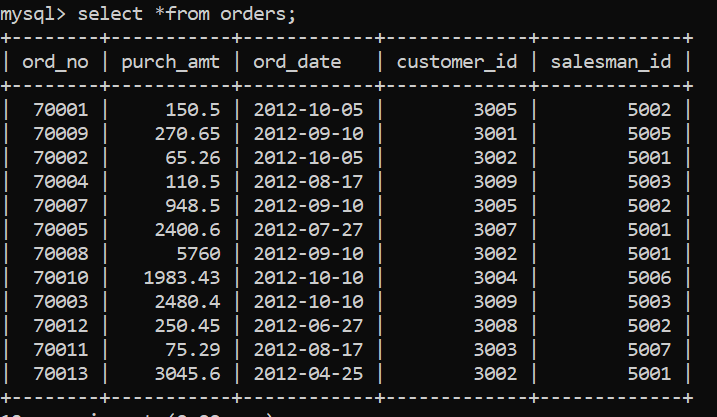
**14.) All salespeople with commission between 0.10 and 0.12.**

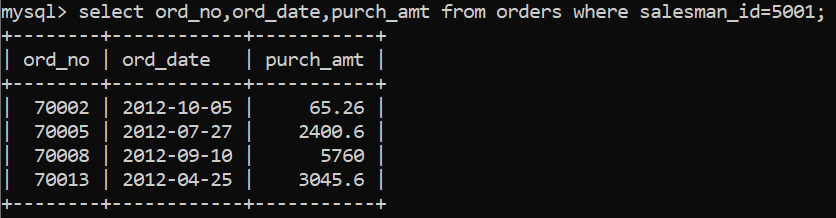
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**15.) All customers excluding those with rating <= 100 unless they are located In Roe.**

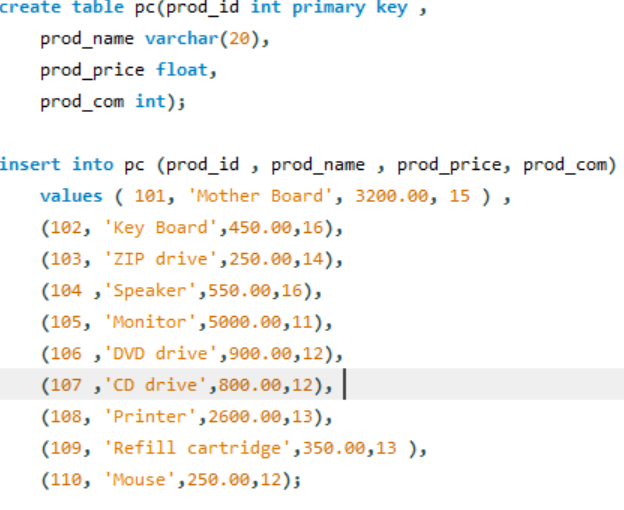
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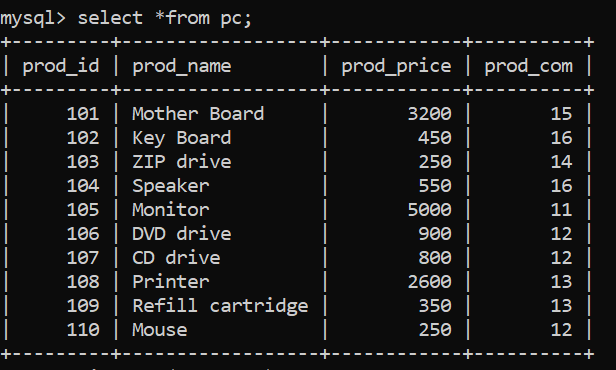
**16.) Write a SQL statement that displays all the information about all salespeople.**

****

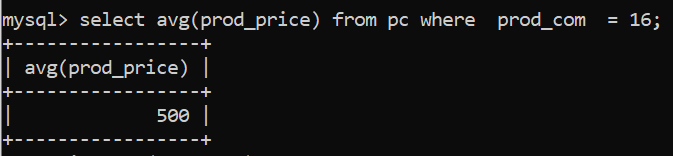
**17.) From the following table, write a SQL query to find orders that are delivered by a salesperson with ID. 5001. Return ord\_no, ord\_date, purch\_amt.**

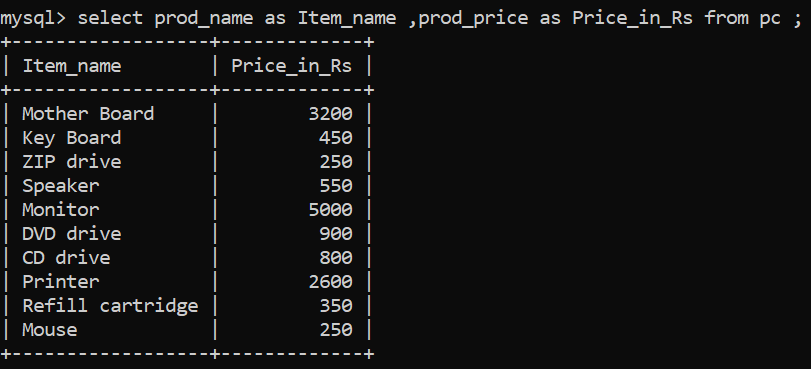
**18.) Create table :**

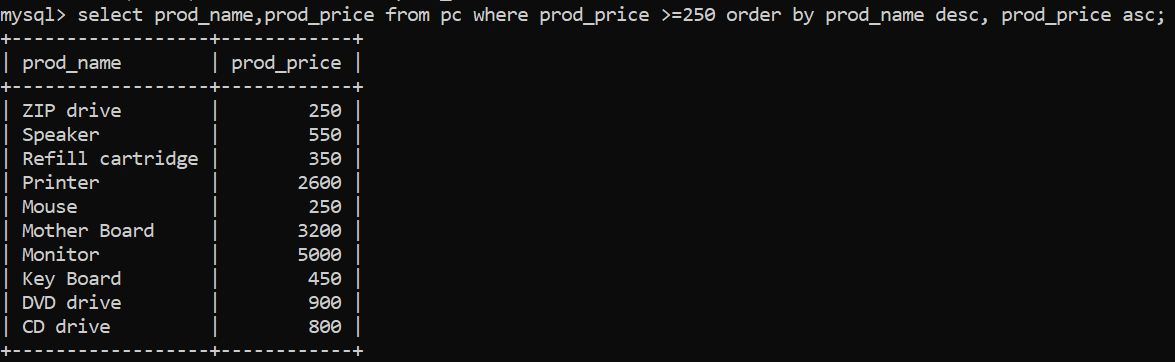


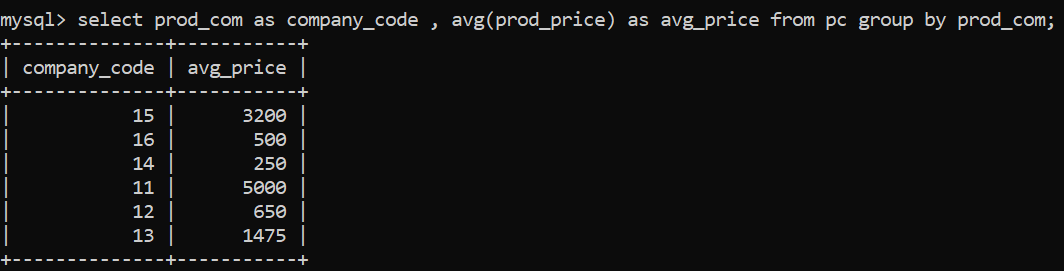


**19.) From the following table, write a SQL query to calculate the average price for a manufacturer code of 16. Return avg.**

****

**20.)** **From the following table, write a SQL query to display the pro\_name as 'Item Name' and pro\_price as 'Price in Rs.'**

**21.) From the following table, write a SQL query to find the items whose prices are higher than or equal to $250. Order the result by product price in descending, then product name in ascending. Return pro\_name and pro\_price.**

**22.) From the following table, write a SQL query to calculate average price of the items for each company. Return average price and company code.**